

VOL. 4--NO. 127.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure. CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST! Place a teaspoonful of the powder in a cup of water. A chemical will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA. ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN. In a million homes for a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts.

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Baking Powder in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.



THE BEST TONIC. This medicine combines with pure vegetable oils and is available for diseases peculiar to women and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not thicken the blood, cause headache, or produce constipation.

It is the best medicine for the blood, and for the system generally.

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SALUTING THE PRESS.

GENERAL GRANT GREETED THE PATIENT PENCIL PUSHERS.

The Invalid Winning the Fight but the Doctors Doubtful--Prayer of an Old Soldier--Lee's Estimate of Grant as Told by Chaplain Pepper.

New York, April 20--Gen. Grant fell in to a quiet sleep immediately after 10 o'clock and slept well until 3 a. m., when he awoke and took nourishment. He soon fell asleep again until 5, when he awoke and nourishment was again given him. He then slept lightly until 6, when he awoke fully, his coffee, dressed and roved quietly about the rooms. His pulse and temperature are normal.

The general appeared at the office window, which adjoins his bedroom, and noticing the reporters walking down the opposite side of the street, graciously returned their spontaneous salute. The general looks very much improved in personal appearance, and will, it is said, take a drive should the weather permit.

None of the doctors have hope that the general can long continue in as favorable condition as for the past few days. They are now constantly on the watch for a relapse.

The poor old man in woody garments, who said he had traveled on foot from Galena, Ill., and had known and fought under the general, passed in front of the house and, seeing the weather beaten, old, gray-haired and fervently for his recovery. When he turned to go the tears were chasing each other down the veteran's face.

THE GREATEST LIVING SOLDIER.

Gen. Lee's Estimate of Grant and Other Union Generals.

WOODSTOCK, Va., April 20--The following is a heretofore unpublished interview between Rev. George W. Pepper, the Catholic chaplain of the Fifteenth corps of Sherman's army of the Tennessee, and Gen. Robert E. Lee, when Sherman's army was visiting a few days in Richmond on its return march from the Carolinas to Washington. The following is Rev. Mr. Pepper's own report of the interview:

I took my seat upon a very plain sofa. The house was marked by a gracious simplicity. There were no rich carpets, no tapestries, no painted windows. The floor was of the same material as the walls. The picture to attract attention. There were a few old-fashioned chairs, a table covered with books, but nothing to betoken that this was the residence of the mightiest man of the south.

My misgivings were soon interrupted by the appearance of Gen. Lee, who, with a gracious smile and a cordial simplicity of manner, asked me to be seated. The events of a long and bloody war had made his impression upon his face. Whatever may be thought of the science of physiognomy, there was certainly a remarkable correspondence between the appearance of Gen. Lee and his mental and moral characteristics. In both there was a symmetry that bespoke the healthy development of the entire man. No part was in excess and none deficient; erect in carriage, with an elastic step, composed and graceful in all his movements, a full-orbed eye, a straight nose, a full, firm mouth that indicated equal sweetness and firmness, and, diffused over all, a serene and peaceful expression. He still seemed to be in the full vigor of life, but his splendid hair was silvered, the fire of his brilliant eyes was in some measure dimmed. There was a great dignity in his bearing, and an air of calmness of his position would impart.

At the same time there was an expression of deep sadness, piercing through his smile. The conversation turned upon a variety of subjects, all of which he expressed his opinion freely. He was very deliberate, as if feeling the gravity of his utterances. My question, "Do you think the war is over?" he replied emphatically: "Yes, sir; and had it not been for the political complications, it would have been long since over."

I was opposed to the war at the beginning. I work when I heard of the coming of the South. I sought retirement so that I might not see or hear of any of the leaders, the great and our kind of men, who were to be pre-empted the battle that subsequently awaited our fields and cities. But when Virginia, my native state, seceded, there was only one course for me to pursue, and that was to go with my people."

Gen. Lee next adverted to the character of Grant, of whom he spoke at length in most enthusiastic terms. He ascribed to him the possession of the grandest attributes of American manhood, and said that he possessed the military talents requisite for the organization of armies. In the generous terms accorded to the impoverished south, which he spoke of as the "great wrong of our history," Grant had shown himself imperishable heroism.

"I wish," said Gen. Lee, "to do simple justice to Gen. Grant, when I say that his action toward my army is without a parallel in the annals of nations. When my poor soldiers, with famished faces, having neither food nor money, were in the hands of the victor, he was in the hour of surrender. It was then that Gen. Grant immediately issued his humane order that 40,000 rations should be given to them. And that was not all. I was giving orders to one of my subordinate officers who was making out a list of the names of the surrendered. I told him to include the horses. At that very moment Gen. Grant, who seemed to be paying no attention to what was going on, suddenly rose from the camp stool and said: 'No, no, Gen. Lee, no surrender of the horses. Not one, not one. Keep them all. They are the property of the army, and for the spring crops.' It was a scene never to be forgotten."

As Lee spoke he paced the room, and with tears streaming down his cheeks repeated two or three times the incident of the surrender. I then asked him whom he thought to be the greatest of our countrymen. "I think," he said, "that I judge by Napoleon's test of 'Who did all that?' Gen. Grant is the greatest of living American or European soldiers."

Gen. Lee, having mentioned the name of Napoleon, I ventured the opinion that Grant was his equal. He smiled and said: "There was much in Napoleon to awaken admiration, but his humanity was not to be compared with Grant's. Napoleon's chief claim to glory, more glory, Grant's action is distinguished by his simplicity and strong sense of duty. Napoleon did not hesitate to sacrifice thousands of lives for his own personal gratification. Gen. Grant seems to be a man of self-sacrifice, having no end in view but the safety of the cause he defends. The courage of Napoleon cannot maintain a minute's comparison with the calm heroism and sublime magnanimity exhibited by Gen. Grant toward his troops and himself. There is one thing about Grant, which I have noticed as peculiar to himself. He never complains of adverse and unmanageable circumstances, but seizes the materials as they are presented, and masters them."

AN HEREDITARY MURDERER.

History of a Family of Criminals Made Known by the Suicide of Their Son.

CINCINNATI, April 20--A special from Dayton says that several weeks ago an arrested here, committed suicide in the jail.

Since his death, Sheriff Weiss has made public a most remarkable story of crime. Belle came here in search of his father, a practicing physician, who, two years ago, was convicted of robbery and sent to the penitentiary, where he committed suicide just as the son did. The father's father also killed himself in Marseille, France, where he was imprisoned for murder.

The son said that his father murdered his mother in Switzerland. He was sentenced to prison for life, but escaped to France by killing two of the guards. Afterward in Algiers he was again imprisoned, and finally escaped to this country. In Cincinnati he married a well-known lady named Lewis whom he brought to this city. She shortly afterward died under mysterious and mysterious circumstances, and it has been thought by those who knew both parties that he murdered her. He was arrested for robbery.

HOSTILE TO ENGLAND.

GERMANY AND AUSTRIA THREATEN THE "SICK MAN."

With the Nullification of the Berlin Treaty. Sensation in London and the Intermeddling Powers Roundly Denounced--Foreign Notes.

London, April 20--A dispatch from Constantinople says that the Porte has been officially notified through the representatives of Germany and Austria in that city that their respective countries will consider the Berlin treaty annulled if the Turkish government allows either English or Russian war ships, in the event of war between those countries, to pass through the Bosphorus. The dispatch has caused a decided sensation and the action of the powers named is generally viewed as hostile to England.

Much irritation has been caused in official circles by this news, and both powers are roundly denounced for intermeddling.

The other dispatch of Sir Peter Lunsford, giving his report of the Penjdeh incident, has been interpreted and copies of the interpretation have been distributed among the members of the cabinet. Nothing more is publicly known of the contents of this dispatch than was stated by Gladstone in the House of Commons on Tuesday last. It is believed to contain a full report of the battle and the events leading to it, as given by an observant Englishman near the scene.

A dispatch from Peshawar says that the amir of Afghanistan, speaking at Jamrud, declared that he was not only not giving his aggressions the Afghans would rise to a man and repel the invaders. He also said that he was as unchanging as the fates of the Meles and Persian--never to yield an inch of Afghan territory.

Fully 200 English vessels, seeking cargoes of grain, are now anchored at Cossaga, Tagurag and other parts of the Black sea and the Sea of Azov.

A Wealthy Parisian Lady Sins.

PARIS, April 20--A horrible tragedy has been discovered. A wealthy lady, wife of an extensive manufacturer of dyed cotton yarn and cloths, has been found murdered and mutilated in her bed-room. Her husband has been arrested and is now in custody of the police.

The victim had been stabbed to death with a dagger. The murderer, who is believed to be a Frenchman, fled when the alarm was given.

OUR NAVAL CHIEFS.

Admiral Porter and Rowan on the Coming European Contest.

WASHINGTON, April 20--Two chief officers of the navy are Porter and Rowan. They have expressed opposite views upon the possibilities of war between England and Russia. Porter thinks there will be no war. Rowan is certain there will be.

At the same time he is very unpopular with the officers. He is very careless in his statements. His recent article in the Century magazine has brought down a storm of criticism upon his head on account of the incorrectness of the facts related by him. Porter is the only one of the older officers of the navy who seems to have much literary ability. He has a perfect passion for writing, and, although he is a naval officer, his room with a broken leg, is planning another nautical novel. The vice-admiral, Rowan, who is next to him in rank, is the very opposite in almost every particular. Rowan is a very cold, conservative man, who is not inclined to talk very much, and writes even more sparingly than he speaks.

He is a much more dignified character than Porter, and in the event of an emergency would be better suited to take up the reins of command than he. He has more of the confidence and liking of the officers of the navy than Porter.

The army and navy people talk of nothing but war news. They are all hoping that there will be a fight between Russia and England. There are no philanthropists in the army and navy circles. If a war is declared between these two countries there will be a fierce struggle among the officers to be sent abroad as observers. It has been the custom of this country whenever there has been a foreign war, to pick out a number of the most intelligent of the younger officers and send them over to occupy posts as professional witnesses. Such an experience is of great value. They regard a war as a school where they can learn the art of war.

More than that, it affords them an opportunity often to make a reputation, which is so slow to come to any officer, however worthy of the duty of a rough peace. Lieut. Greene, of the engineer corps, who was sent as our military representative to the Russo-Turkish war, is a case in point. He was sent to the war department. Through these reports he was enabled to rise to the rank of two special lieutenants. He and his military heroes which brought him in a handsome profit in the way of reputation and sent them over to occupy posts as professional witnesses. Such an experience is of great value. They regard a war as a school where they can learn the art of war.

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SENDING DISPATCHES FROM A TRAIN MOVING THIRTY MILES AN HOUR.

NEW YORK, April 20--In a corner of the baggage car in the Port Morris branch of the New York and Westchester Railroad, a telegraph operator stood beside his key sending messages, and from the sounder bolts his feet. The passengers on the train watched and wondered for the train was rushing along at the rate of thirty miles per hour and it was manifest that the operator was talking to the rest of the world. Several of the passengers wrote out dispatches and enjoyed the novelty of having them sent from a train moving at such a speed. The telegraph operator, who had left a messenger with the starter at Port Morris, found it had overtaken him. The invention which is on trial has been given a test of months on this short branch line, and has worked to the entire satisfaction of its inventors and negotiations are now about closed, which will put it on several of the large through lines.

The invention is a very simple one. On the car itself are iron rods running along the bottom of the car, carrying a coiled copper wire, which makes a complete circuit of the car by passing by the starter at Port Morris. The telegraph operator, who has been specially directed to it, it would be overlooked. The ends of the copper wire run to the operator's desk, where the telegraph key, sounder, key and relay, or, if it is desired to use the more modern and more economical "sounder" system, the telegraph key, in this last the operator, in place of the rattling click of the sounder, has only the soft whistling throbbing which comes from the railroad telegraph. The telegraph key is connected with the electrical plant of the car and any outside plant, but along the entire length of the train, the telegraph key is a long bit of scolding, in an insulated copper wire. This is nothing more than one of the thick copper wires, familiar to all, as the electric light wires in the street.

It is merely hidden from sight in the center of the wooden strip, and a small gang of men make it dead down the line at the rate of two miles per day. Into this wire from the regular offices on the ends of the line, or at any point, the message is sent in the ordinary way, and the telegraph key is connected by the wire of the iron tube below the car and thus reaches the operator's buzzer in the car. It matters not whether the telegraph key is standing on the track or moving at the highest rate of speed, the induction goes on and the communication is continuous. On the branch line in question, where the track was laid only on the outgoing track, there is no difficulty in getting messages through with the telegraph key. The telegraph key is about the distance between the wires is about eleven feet. Over a short circuit the track wire is carried in a cable on the bottom of the water and the induction of the wire is carried in the same way by cable.

The induction is so strong and the system so simple, that it is possible to send messages in the track where the ground wires was and went upon the main track this buzzer still kept up its story from the outside world, and not mind the fact that the telegraph key was a quarter of a mile away did the sound die. This was explained by the operator by saying that across a distance of a mile the air line fifty-five feet away to carry on the conversation. The application of the invention is first to the runner of trains. It is a very simple and inexpensive in content and uninterrupted communication with every train at rest or in motion. It is a very simple and inexpensive in content and uninterrupted communication with every train at rest or in motion.

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A SUCCESSFUL TEST.

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THE DAILY BULLETIN.

MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1885.

GENERAL McCLELLAN's friends are pushing him for the Mission to China.

BOYD WINCHESTER, of Louisville, has been appointed Consul at Nice, France.

THE Democratic majority in Michigan is much larger than has been reported. It is over 20,000.

HON. J. Q. CHENOWETH, of Dallas, Texas, has been appointed one of the Auditors in the Treasury Department.

FRANCIS WHARTON, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Examiner of Claims in the Department of State. He succeeds Mr. O'Connor, whose resignation was requested.

It is expected that the May term of the Fayette Circuit Court will be held in the new court house, at Lexington, and that it will be entirely completed by June 15th.

It is said at the Department of State that no protest has been made on behalf of the Italian Government against the appointment of Mr. A. M. Kelly, as Minister to Rome.

ALTHOUGH there has been a remarkable improvement in General Grant's condition during the past few days, his physicians still insist that he is suffering from epithelial cancer, of a malignant form and incurable.

THE governments of France, Holland, Portugal and Turkey, have declared quarantine against all vessels arriving from Spanish ports, on account of the cholera epidemic on the Southern and Eastern coasts of Spain.

ONE thing is clear about President Cleveland's administration. It is not common place. It is not a thing of routine, whose acts everybody can predict. It is independent, original, guided by its purposes and not by those of any outside force.

SEVERAL of the Collectors of Kentucky have recommended to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Democrats to fill the subordinate offices in their districts but have been notified by Mr. Miller that it is his intention to leave it to the new Collectors to organize the service as they may deem best.

THERE is some unpleasant criticism because Secretary Bayard has appointed a son of the late Edward Everett to the head of an important division in the State Department. It is charged that he is a Republican and has already had substantial favors at the hands of the hands of the party aforesaid.

RUSSIA is said to be negotiating for some American vessels in order to strengthen her navy. Meanwhile England is doubtless patiently abiding the result. If Russia makes the purchases, England will probably declare war at once, clear the ocean of all obstruction in the shape of her own navy, and calmly wait for her enemy to go to sea.

"What Makes the Bad Times?"
The New York Sun, 6th instant, has a notable editorial, under the caption of "What Makes the Bad Times?" in reply to a correspondent who attributes the depression to the withdrawal of National bank notes from circulation. The Sun shows that money was never so cheap as now, and that, as the depression extends throughout Europe as well as the United States, it can not be attributed to a gold standard, or to tariff laws; nor to anything in the condition of our shipping and ocean transportation, "for it exists in England, where there is an unprecedented extension of the merchant marine, just as severely, and even more so, than in this country, where for many years our merchant marine has been gradually declining. Nor yet is it caused by failure of the crops, or by wars or famine in any part of the world. The crops have generally been good for several years, and no wars or famines of any account have existed, yet we may say in a general way that the depression is the result of overproduction—that is to say, of spending money and labor in ways that are not profitable, and that have no return." The Sun concludes as follows: "Yet, while this great collapse is indisputable and irresistible, we may well be contented over the fact that it is not so destructive as might be, and that business is quite as good, and the situation of the country quite as encouraging as we ought to expect. There are many workers out of employment, and hardly any enterprise is making much money; yet most people are getting enough to eat and enough to wear, and are living along in happiness with reasonable economy. The country is rich and sound at the core, and when all the inflated and delusive concerns are settled up and cleared away, we shall find that we are a great deal better off than the philosophers of calamity and despair have imagined."

Mine Troubles.

PITTSBURG, April 20.—Secretary Flannery, of the miners' association, has received a letter from a Scotch Haver miner stating that the rumor which had spread that 800 miners were working in W. L. Scott's mines for two and a half cents a bushel was false; there being but three mines in operation in that district, and those were working at three cents. The letter also states that Scott has closed his stores to his miners, refusing to sell to them even for cash. He is also endeavoring to stop supplies from coming from other store keepers, and has threatened some who have sent wagons among miners with prosecution for treason. President Costello said that Judge Hart had declared camp law illegal, and he would not be responsible for establishing one. It appears that the yielding of the 300 Castle Shannon miners is only the beginning of a general break in the strike along the river. The miners throughout Tom's Run district resumed work at two and a half cent.

A Dose of Tar and Feathers.

LOWVILLE, N. Y., April 20.—On Wednesday night Fred Wright was tarred and feathered about a mile east of this village. Wright, who is twenty-seven years old, he came acquainted last summer with the daughter of a village carpenter, the acquaintance growing into an intimacy which the family of the girl, who was only seventeen, endeavored to break. Three months ago the couple left town, going, it is said, to Adams where they lived as man and wife. A day or two ago they returned here and began housekeeping. The night after their arrival a crowd broke in from the brother-in-law of the girl called on the couple at midnight. They were asked if they were married, and the reply was "no." The three men then grabbed Wright, took him to an open door and covered his body with two quarters of tar and the contents of a sack of feathers. His clothes were then put on him, he was led down the railroad track, headed for Trice and told to go. He has not been seen since.

Stinging a Draw.

BOSTON, April 20.—A large number of sporting men gathered in the private rooms of a Boston club to see Pete McCoy and La Roche, who were to fight for a prize of \$500. Early in the first round La Roche knocked McCoy down with a right hander in the pit of the stomach, and subsequently put in a heavy blow behind the ear as a result of which blood flew and quite covered McCoy's back. Severe fighting followed, rather in the manner's favor. In the second round McCoy struck La Roche a hard cross counter in the ear which staggered the latter and might have led to his defeat had it been rightly followed up, but McCoy instead of forcing the fight closed, and at this point the police interfered. The referee declared it a draw.

More Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The president has made the following appointments: To be ministers resident and consular general: Wm. D. Bloxham, of Florida, to Bolivia; W. Hanna Bayard, of Indiana, to Persia; Ferns Walling, of Louisiana, to Roumania, Serbia and Greece. To be consuls of the United States: James Murray, of New York, at St. John, New Brunswick; Boyd Winchester, of Kentucky, at Nice, France, and Charles F. Kimball, Ill., at Stuttgart, Germany.

Surprised at His Appointment.

DALLAS, Tex., April 20.—J. Q. Chenoweth, ex-member of the legislature has been notified from Washington of his appointment as auditor of the United States treasury. The appointment is regarded as a move by Senator Maxey and Congressman Culbertson to get Mr. C. out of the way as a possible candidate for one of their places two years hence. The appointment surprised Mr. Chenoweth. He left for Washington immediately.

The estate of the late General Anson Stager of Chicago, is valued at \$800,000.

The total imports of dry goods at New York for the week ending April 17 were \$1,456,000.

Dr. C. B. Jones has been elected permanent superintendent of the Xenia soldiers' orphans home.

The judgment of the Hagen court martial was returned, which was administered by the president.

Tammany, of New York, is urging the president to speed the reorganization of offices in that city.

Thomas Samon, the murderer of Mrs. Jane Ford, John Ruddy and Frank Ruddy, was hanged at Atoka, La., on Friday.

Two Italian railroad laborers were hanged at Thomaston, Me., for the murder and robbery of a fellow-workman.

Wm. Phillips was hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., for the murder of Wm. Hill. He protested his innocence to the last.

Detective Rathbone, chief of the special constables of the pension bureau, will resign to attend to personal business.

Ex-Congressman McKinney, of Piqua, O., was tried for having taken an excessive fee in a pension claim and convicted.

Gus Finley, murderer of Jas. Hunt, at Prestonburg, Ky., was hanged on Friday.

He claimed the shooting was accidental.

D. Angolan, one of the foremost of Wauwumpas, has been removed from the post office at Holland Patent, Oneida county, N. Y.

Benjamin M. Platts, a Cincinnati attorney, aged fifty, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head. Financial troubles the cause.

W. C. Duckworth, of Newark, O., was arrested upon complaint of the Cincinnati toy foundry, charging forgery of an order for goods.

The contractor and foreman on the construction of the New York tenement house that fell the other day were indicted for manslaughter.

Jacob Mueller, of Cleveland, was appointed consular general to Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany. Mueller is a former republican, who went over two or three years ago.

John Fisher, charged with defrauding the Accident Insurance company, of New York, by means of fraudulent certificates of injury, was arrested at Williamsport, Pa., and taken to Cleveland, O.

A judgment for \$1,000,000 was rendered at Youngstown, O., against C. D. Ames and in favor of R. L. Kimberly upon a settlement of interests in a partnership in the Grand Central mining company.

A number of caution, supposed to be relics of the English fleet, that was wrecked off Pointe aux Anglais about 300 years ago, were washed upon shore by the late storms on the western coast of South America.

S. H. BARRETT & CO.'S

MONSTER

RAILROAD CIRCUS

And Menagerie Will Positively Give Two Entertainments (and no Disappointments) at Mayville.

MONDAY, MAY 4.

JAMES ROBINSON, the world's champion Bare-knuckler, rides at each performance. Among our many artists to be found Mr. ROBERT STURKEY and Mr. JAMES STOWE, Bareback Riders; Miss KIMMA LARK and Miss VIOLET HUBBS, two of the most accomplished saddle riders in the world. In the Menagerie you will see the only pair of

COAL BLACK TIGERS

ever on exhibition, and the only Two-horned Sumatran BILBOE BILLS in America. The

GRAND STREET PARADE

leaves the lot at 10 o'clock a. m. For particulars read our small bills. 20-21 27-28-1-2

TUTT'S

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age:

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, bloating of the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, falling under the shoulder blades, fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty. Weakness, Dizziness, Flushing of the face, Dots before the eyes, Headache, Stiffness of the joints, Restlessness, with awful dreams, Highly colored urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S medicine is adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling that the appetite, and causes the bowels to move, restores the system with pure blood and hard muscle; cures the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SASSAPARILLA

Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the blood, repairs the system with pure blood and hard muscle; cures the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood.

OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$75,000. Tickets

Only \$5. Shares in Proportion.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the same."

Conducted with honesty, fairness, and in conformity with the laws of the State. The Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1890 for twenty-five years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of over \$500,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 4, A.D. 1879.

The only lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State. It never fails.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings give a fortune. Fifth Grand Drawing, Class E, in the Academy of Music, New Orleans, on April 12th, 1885.

189th Monthly Drawing.

Capital Prize \$75,000!

100,000 tickets at \$0.50 each. Fractions, in ratio, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE.....\$75,000

1 do.....10,000

2 PRIZES OF \$5,000.....10,000

5 do.....2,000.....10,000

20 do.....1,000.....10,000

50 do.....500.....10,000

100 do.....200.....10,000

500 do.....50.....10,000

1,000 do.....25.....10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of \$750.....6,750

50 do.....500.....2,500

250 do.....250.....6,250

1,507 Prizes, amounting to.....\$20,500

Applications for tickets to be made only to the office of the company in ratio, in proportion.

For further information write clearly, giving full address, to THE NATIONAL EXPRESS Money Order, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (all sums of \$5 and upwards at our New Orleans, La., or M. A. DATHIN, New Orleans, La.,

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you a list of all the goods that will put you in the way of making money. You can get more than you ever thought possible at any business. Cannot not make money in your home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, gradually increase in wealth by the aid of our offering. That all who want of work may rest their minds and souls, and be able to write. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Importers and absolutely true for all who write at once. Don't delay. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

THE WORLD CHALLENGED!

To produce a line of Carriage and Buggy superior to that now on exhibition at No. 16 Sutton street, Mayville, and the determination to offer the entire elegant stock of

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES!

at prices that shall awaken a more lively interest in the carriage business than ever before obtained. The above goods have been manufactured especially for this locality, from the Best Material that cash would buy, and by the first manufacturers of the kind. MR. PORTER will be found, as usual, in the UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT.

ED. MYALL, Successor to Myall & Riley, Sutton Street, Mayville, Ky.

FRANK B. RANSON

Has received his Spring Stock of—

LADIES' SHOES!

The HANDSOMEST and CHEAPEST ever shown in Mayville.

F. DIETERICH & SONS,

Dealers in Home-made—

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SPRING WAGONS, ETC.

Only carriage manufacturers in Mayville who sell only their own work, which is first-class in all particulars. Vehicles at LOWER PRICES than any other house in the State, when quality of work is considered.

All Work Warranted!

REPAIRING Promptly and Satisfactorily done. A large line of Carriages, Buggies, Barouches, etc., now on hand.

We are practical Mechanics, and WILL SAVE YOU MONEY if you give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

F. DIETERICH & SONS,

65 and 70 East Second St.

Headquarters For Dry Goods.

We are pleased to announce that our Spring and Summer styles for 1885 are now open for the inspection of the public. Our new stock consists of a large and varied assortment of the NEWEST and BEST in Seasonable Goods, embracing all the Latest Novelties in Foreign and Domestic

DRESS GOODS!

We claim for our stock General Excellence in Quality and Style, Immense Variety and a scale of prices which will be found EXTREMELY LOW. Our stock of HOSIERY is complete in every detail, from the cheapest Cotton to the finest Silk Hosiery, and at prices that defy competition. In

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

&c., we can not be equalled, and are confident we can save you five or ten cents on every article you purchase of us. Another thing, do not tell to see our elegant display of CURTAINS, SEIS and LACE CURTAINS. Elegant styles! Very large stock! Our New Spring Goods are most desirable and our prices always right. Our WHITE GOODS and LACES are well worth coming to see.

I. HUNT & SON,

Second Street, Mayville, Ky.

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.'S

For Oats and Clover Seed, Potatoes and Cabbage. They have also just received a fresh supply of Mackerel, Maple Syrup and N. O. Molasses.

No. 10 Market Street, Mayville, Ky.

ROBERT BISSET,

—PRACTICAL—

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street, Mayville.

T. J. CULLEY,

Sanitary Plumber,

GAS & STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

IRON, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gages, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CULLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's Market, Mayville, Ky.

Established 1865. EQUITY GROCERY.

G. W. GEISEL,

No. 9, W. Second St., Opp. Opera House.

Fruits and Vegetables season. Your patronage respectfully solicited. 141dly

PIANO MANUFACTORY.

F. L. TRAYSER,

Manufacturer and Dealer in first-class.

PIANOS & ORGANS.

ALL INSTRUMENTS WARRANTED! PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED

Front Street, Mayville,

J. M. BOLTON, M. D.,

Cor. Second and Sutton Streets,

Office open at all hours. Mayville Ky

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1885.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Publishers and Proprietors,
To Whom Address All Communications.

To-day's Advertisements.
Thomas Sentney—Coal yard.
Lamb-Gold pen.
S. H. Barrett & Co.—Railroad Circus and Menagerie.



When you come into town this week
To buy your spring supplies,
You'll find the prices quoted low
By those who advertise.
We know even all from first to last,
And willingly go to it.
That every trade you make with them
Will be an honest one.

The river is coming up rapidly to-day.
The street cars continue to do a good business.

Mr. Thomas Sentney has opened a coal yard in Chester.

The new skating rink project does not appear to be materializing.

The churches enjoyed a boom yesterday. They were all well attended.

There are but few dwellings for rent in Mayville and they are in demand.

Several cases of burglary have occurred at Paris in the last few days.

A timber tide is reported in the Big Sandy river and a big run of logs is expected.

The Lexington races begin May 5th. The contest at Louisville will take place May 14th.

Mr. John Wheeler, on Saturday, supplied the new rink at Vanceburg with roller skates.

The summer street car was out yesterday for the first time this season, and as usual, was well patronized, especially by the ladies.

The Telegraph has assumed her place in the Pomeroy track, taking her old days, Tuesdays and Fridays. The Big Sandy drops back to Wednesday and Friday.

Messrs. A. C. Newell & Co., have been for several days shipping brick to the interior of the State by rail. Mayville brick is considered by contractors to be the best in use.

Six grand martial bands, and the levantine locomotive steam organ will be heard in S. H. Barrett & Co.'s New United Monster Railroad Shows free street parade in this city May 14th.

See the stupendous chariot race of the \$30,000 living Nile hippopotamus in the tidal wave procession of S. H. Barrett & Co.'s New United Monster Railroad Shows, at Mayville, on Monday May 14th.

The Louisville Evening Times says: Mrs. Laura L. McCarthy filed her resignation in the County Court as executrix of the will of John E. McCarthy. The Louisville Safety Vault and Trust Company was appointed to execute the trust in her stead.

The presentation of "The Galley Slave" at the opera house, on Saturday evening, was one of the most entertaining performances given this season, and drew a large and appreciative audience. The play itself was one of exciting interest, abounding in humorous and pathetic incidents, and all the parts were well and naturally sustained. The large audience were well pleased and should the troupe ever visit Mayville again will give it a cordial reception.

Counterfeiting a Valuable Article.
The publisher of the Madison County Record writes from Huntsville, Ark., as to the effect of Brown's Iron Bitters on his wife. Mr. Daugherty says: "My wife has been using the bitters for some months; the effect in her case is remarkable." He also writes that owing to counterfeits and imitations, it was difficult to get the genuine article. That difficulty has now been remedied; imitations have been exposed and put to flight. There, as elsewhere, Brown's Iron Bitters can be had of all the respectable druggists at a dollar a bottle.

The Cincinnati Enquirer contains the following: A call is made on the heirs of Judas Levi, formerly market master of Mayville, Ky., to meet at Captain B. C. Levi's office, No. 174 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., on the 20th instant, for the collection of an immense estate of \$600,000, said to be held for them in England. The sons and daughters of Rowell Grant, who are cousins of General Grant, and John L. Scott, lawyer at Frankfort, Ky., and all the other grandchildren of Judas Levi are said to be the heirs. As there is some Grant blood interested in the claim, and Major Sartoris, son-in-law of General Grant, resides in London, it is likely that this claim will not be lost for want of influential attention.

PERSONALS.

Dr. N. W. Tracey is in the city to-day. Mr. Levi Culbertson has returned from a trip to St. Louis.

Mr. L. E. Pearce, of Lexington, spent Sunday in Mayville.

Hon. Green R. Keller, of Carlisle, is in the city to-day, the guest of Dr. Holton. Dr. Wm. R. Wood is considered to be a little better this morning though still very weak.

Mr. C. M. Browning, representing the Asbestos Paint Company, of Cincinnati, was in Mayville yesterday.

Miss Mary Flood, of Missouri, and Misses Fannie and Bessie Wells, of Helena, are visiting the family of Mr. Thos. Wells.

Mr. and Mrs. John Martin and Mr. Sherman Otto, returned from Hot Springs, Ark., on Saturday evening. Mr. Martin is much improved in health and will be able to resume his duties on the Kentucky Central Railroad next Monday. His friends are glad to note his improved health.

The following notice concerning a gentleman who formerly lived in this neighborhood is taken from the Lafayette (Mo.) Democrat: Judge Harrison has appointed Mr. John G. Worthington, of Mayville, Deputy Collector. We doubt whether a more suitable appointment could have been made. Mr. Worthington is highly esteemed wherever known. He will bring to the discharge of the duties of the office a cultivated mind, unswerving integrity, an even temper and a kind and accommodating disposition. We congratulate Mr. Harrison in securing the services of so trustworthy and efficient a deputy.

Mr. Abraham Krutz, the man referred to by the Cincinnati Enquirer as having introduced Mrs. Eng to Mr. Fred. Hatze, says that it is untrue that he knew anything reflecting on the character of Mrs. Eng, although he had been acquainted with her for a long time, or that he had any knowledge that it was the intention of Mrs. Eng to "make a play" for Mr. Hatze's money, as stated by the Enquirer. Mr. Krutz is a respectable citizen of Chester and stands well with all the people who know him, and is considered incapable of such conduct as is attributed to him by the Enquirer.

First Boy—Less go home. Pap said he'd thump me if I went to the skating rink again. Here, knock the chalk off my pants and I'll knock it off 'n yours."
Second Boy—"I'll brush you off, but don't allow me to brush myself or anybody to do it."
S. B.—"Why, how's that?"
S. B.—"Well, you know that dad's a dayrman, and chalk costs money, and my old breeches are full in water given more'n two gallon o' milk every night."

ALFRED LITTLE, the Breathitt County desperado, was arraigned before the United States Commissioner at Louisville, on the charge of forgery and attempt to defraud the Government by the collection of a pension claim, and held to bail in the sum of \$2,000, for his appearance before the grand jury which will meet next October.

TO TELL.
If you would not be left in the rear Go to the Christian Church and hear Words from the mouth of an angel of light, Who exposes the wrong and shows you the right.

—John Ryder, aged eighty-two years.

SULPHUR matches placed in flower pots, the sulphur ends down, have been found to destroy the worms which are so fatal to house plants.

In describing the reception tendered to Miss Emma Nevada the other night, the San Francisco Chronicle says: "Everybody cried when Miss Emma Nevada sang 'Home, Sweet Home.' Even the boxes were in tears!"

"When I want my children to mind," said Popinjay, "I don't stop to explain the reasons to 'em. I just put my foot down and that's the end of it." "Oh, well," responded Blossom, absent-mindedly, "that covers the ground, of course; there is no need of explanation."

The Last Constitutional Convention.
General Desha gives the Paris Kentuckian a list of the surviving members of the Constitutional Convention of 1850 as follows:
John S. Barlow, Monroe County.
Lucius Desha, Harlan Co. ex-officio.
John Hargis, Morgan and Breathitt.
Jas. M. Lackey, Floyd, Pike, Johnson.
Willis B. Machen, Caldwell.
David Meriwether, Jefferson.
John D. Morris, Christian.
James M. Nesbitt, Bath.
William Preston, Louisville.
S. G. Talbott, Boyle.
William R. Thompson, Bullitt.
L. J. Proctor, Leslie.
Silas Woodruff, Boone and Harlan.
R. H. Hanson, of Bourbon. Mr. Hanson was elected to sign the Constitution because Garrett Davis, who had been a member from Bourbon, refused to give his approbation to the document by resigning his seat. In the convention after the people had ratified the Constitution, Governor Meriwether helped to correct the list. Both he and General Desha, John T. S. of Boone, and Hargis, among the living, but Judge John F. Rogers, now of Chicago, to whom we sent a proof slip, replied: "I was not present. It was my cousin, and he is dead."

CITY ITEMS.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

Carpets, oil cloths, window shades &c., at lowest prices, at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

Cassimers, shirts and a full line of gent's furnishings goods, at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

Roseleaf Poems by Mrs. M. Abbey. For sale by the agents, G. W. Blatterman & Co.

Stationery in every style, including all the novelties, at G. W. Blatterman's book store.

Hammered silver paper and envelopes, now all the rage, for sale at G. W. Blatterman's book store.

A beautiful and useful ornament is one of those landscape splashes, painted, selling very low, at G. W. Blatterman's book store.

Miss Lou Powling has just received the latest styles of spring and summer millinery goods and notions, to which she invites the attention of the ladies. Persons needing anything in her line will do well to call. a2d1m

Mr. Joseph F. Brodick, agent Equitable Life Assurance Society, New York, has settled my matured policy in Tontine plan. The settlement is very satisfactory and the cheapest insurance I have ever known. TIMOTHY McCAULEY, Mayville, Ky., April 13, 1885. a2d1m

Coal Yard.
The undersigned has opened a coal yard in Chester, and will keep on hand at all times a full supply of the best grade of Peacock Pomeroy coal. Price, 10 cents a bushel delivered. Office at Hatcherson's grocery. a2d1m2

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York. m16d1m2k1w1

CHICAGO MARKETS.
PUBLISHED BY W. A. NORTON.
Mayville, Ky., April 19, 1885. 4:30 p.m.
45c. 47c. wheat, 85c. 86c. 87c. corn, 47c. 48c. 49c. 50c. 51c. 52c. 53c. 54c. 55c. 56c. 57c. 58c. 59c. 60c. 61c. 62c. 63c. 64c. 65c. 66c. 67c. 68c. 69c. 70c. 71c. 72c. 73c. 74c. 75c. 76c. 77c. 78c. 79c. 80c. 81c. 82c. 83c. 84c. 85c. 86c. 87c. 88c. 89c. 90c. 91c. 92c. 93c. 94c. 95c. 96c. 97c. 98c. 99c. 100c. 101c. 102c. 103c. 104c. 105c. 106c. 107c. 108c. 109c. 110c. 111c. 112c. 113c. 114c. 115c. 116c. 117c. 118c. 119c. 120c. 121c. 122c. 123c. 124c. 125c. 126c. 127c. 128c. 129c. 130c. 131c. 132c. 133c. 134c. 135c. 136c. 137c. 138c. 139c. 140c. 141c. 142c. 143c. 144c. 145c. 146c. 147c. 148c. 149c. 150c. 151c. 152c. 153c. 154c. 155c. 156c. 157c. 158c. 159c. 160c. 161c. 162c. 163c. 164c. 165c. 166c. 167c. 168c. 169c. 170c. 171c. 172c. 173c. 174c. 175c. 176c. 177c. 178c. 179c. 180c. 181c. 182c. 183c. 184c. 185c. 186c. 187c. 188c. 189c. 190c. 191c. 192c. 193c. 194c. 195c. 196c. 197c. 198c. 199c. 200c. 201c. 202c. 203c. 204c. 205c. 206c. 207c. 208c. 209c. 210c. 211c. 212c. 213c. 214c. 215c. 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THE ST. LOUIS MYSTERY.

DETECTIVES AND REPORTERS FORMULATE A NEW THEORY.

The Body Found in a Southern Hotel Now Said not to be Preller's—Huntton at a Huge Conspiracy—the Theory Supported by Circumstances.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The Southern hotel mystery is, if anything, increasing in density. Some of the detectives and many of the newspaper men, who have followed the case have formulated the theory that it is a huge conspiracy and that the body in the morgue is not Preller's, but some other body fixed up for the occasion. It has never been positively identified. In fact it can not be because so badly decomposed. The coroner, after the first examination, said the body had been dead at least two weeks, and this would corroborate the belief that it was brought from Boston.

To support the conspiracy theory it is intimated that Preller may have been short several thousand dollars in his accounts, and being a sensitive, religious man, laid the matter before Maxwell and a scheme was formulated. Dispatches from Boston show that Maxwell was looking for a corpse there. His trail is strewn with clues which seem purposely left, and even the trunk containing the body has his initials on it.

Preller disappeared the day before Maxwell and no effort has been made to trace him. The police hold to the theory that Maxwell was a crank and this account of his lack of caution and cunning. The whole city is in an uproar over the case, and hardly two men agree as to motive and fact. The sensational mutilation of the corpse is not accounted for. The head could have been severed from the body and taken off in a gripack, thus betraying all identity, but it wasn't.

A dispatch from Frisco says Capt. Robinson of Boston, is on the Sydney with Maxwell. One of Preller's trunks has been turned over to Huron for customs duty has been ordered to be opened at the request. It is not expected that anything new will be gleaned from the police are overwhelmed with claims from all over the United States.

AN OLD CRIME RECALLED.

The Similarity Between the Colt-Adams and the Maxwell-Preller Murders.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The assassination of C. A. Preller of St. Louis recalls to the recollection of old New Yorkers the Colt-Adams tragedy, than which no murder ever caused more excitement in this city. The profusion of the parties involved and the sensational nature of the details of the crime made it a subject for discussion for many years after it happened. For in those days—some forty years or more ago—New York was much smaller than at present, and such episodes made a more lasting impression than they do now. Ask some men who can remember that far back and you will find that about half of them believe the murderer escaped, the others will assert that he committed suicide. Colt was a brother of the man who became famous through his revolver. Adams was a prominent merchant. The crime was committed in Colt's room, corner of Broadway and Chambers street. The merchant had gone up to try to collect a bill. A dispute arose and Colt brained him and battered up the body fearfully. He tried to hide the crime by placing the body in a trunk and sending it aboard a vessel bound for the south. The ship was detained several days longer than was expected and the body began to decompose. The trunk was burst open and the ghastly discovery of its contents was made. Colt was arrested and blotches of blood were found on the wall and floor of his room, which he had vainly tried to hide by smearing ink over them. He was tried and condemned and when the morning of his execution came Dr. Wainwright, who subsequently became bishop, entered his cell in the Tombs and was shocked to discover a dead body lying on the cot. That morning the dome of the Tombs caught fire and during the incident excitement, it is alleged that a man looking like Colt was seen to emerge from the prison, dressed like a fireman, and enter a cab, which was hurriedly driven away. Many people thought that Colt's brother had smuggled the body of an unknown suicide into the prison to make people believe it to be the murderer, and this story received a wide vogue. It did, subsequently the theory of Miss Raskell's escape by a similar ruse.

Where Jay Gould's Hand is Seen.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The executive committee of the Union Pacific met in Boston and gave formal assent to the proposition of the Pacific Mail company regarding an adjustment of the differences between the Union Pacific, Central Pacific and Pacific Mail. One of the conditions of the proposition is that the steamers of the Occidental and Oriental line be withdrawn and that a ten years' guarantee be given by the Union and Central Pacific that the Pacific Mail have no trans-Pacific opposition from them. The Union Pacific has no proprietary interest in the Occidental and Oriental, but Huntington and his friends have. Mr. Huntington said: "The Central Pacific has not considered the proposition. I think some arrangement will be made. I am not, however, prepared to say that the business of the Occidental and Oriental will be abandoned."

Marriage Didn't Save Him.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Albert Scott, a young man of high social connections in New York came here a year ago with \$10,000. He became attached to Annette Bassette, and the pair went to Europe. They returned a few months since with a depleted exchequer, which Scott replenished through the circulation of bogus checks. Meanwhile a deceased aunt had willed him \$5,000 to be given to him when he married. Being arrested for obtaining money under false pretenses, and having no funds with which to retain a lawyer, he married Annette, that he might secure his legacy and make a defense. He was, however, convicted and sentenced to nine months' imprisonment, besides being commanded to make full restitution of all the moneys he had secured from his victims.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—By order of the United States circuit court the Havana division of the Wabash railroad was ordered to be transferred by the receivers to Messrs. Spaulding and Terry trustees, under a mortgage to secure the issue of \$1,500,000 bonds on which default of interest has been made. Authority was given to the trustees to close and sell under the instructions of the United States circuit court for the southern district of Illinois.

DON'T!

Don't believe that we present an excellent Waterbury Watch with every \$15 purchase.

Don't believe that we give a Hat with every Ready-made Suit we sell.

Don't believe that we carry the Largest, Best-selected and Handsomest stock of Goods in the State.

Don't believe that you can get more solid value for your money from us than from any Cincinnati clothing house.

Don't believe that we are getting up, this Spring, Handsomer Work than any other Merchant Tailoring House in the State.

Don't believe any of the above facts until you come to our house and be convinced that all this is literally true. Respectfully,

HECHINGER & CO.,
Oddfellows' Hall Clothing House, Maysville.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, and WINDOW SHADES.

Cotton Chain Ingrains, Cotton Chain Extra Supers, all-wool Extra Supers, and Tapestry Brussels.

50 CENTS

will buy a fine Carpet. When you want to buy a Carpet go where the best variety is found, at the lowest prices. 4-4, 5-4 and 8-4 Oil Cloths at 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents a yard. Window Shades and Lace Curtains at the LOWEST PRICES. Examine our stock before you buy.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.,
No. 24 Market Street, Maysville, Ky.

Albert Greenwood.

—LATEST STYLES IN—

WALL PAPERS, WINDOW SHADES,

and DECORATIONS; Mixed Paints and Artists' Materials. Everything New. All Goods warranted. No. 2, Zweigert's Block.

HENRY ORT,

—DEALER IN—

FURNITURE.

A Large stock of the latest styles of Furniture just received for the Spring Trade, at Manufacturers' prices.

Cincinnati Prices Discounted.

Give me a call. Second Street, next to "the tallest house in town," Maysville, Ky. mar18

—GO TO—

J. BALLENCER

—FOR—

FINE JEWELRY.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

Bridal and Anniversary Gifts a specialty. A large stock to select from at all times. A trial is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

CYCLONE OF BARGAINS!

Five hundred Fine Corkscrew Suits in all Styles and Colors at \$16; worth \$25. Five hundred Fancy Plaid Suits at \$12; worth \$18. Six hundred Cassimere Suits, all styles, at \$10; worth \$20. My stock of Boys' and Children's Suits is complete in every department.

SOME CLOTHING FACTS:

The Brightest, the most Tasteful, the Prettiest Finished, the most carefully Low Priced—in a word, the most satisfactory and desirable Clothing for Men, Youths and Children to be found in the State, is sold at the Red Corner Clothing House.

LOUIS ZECH, Proprietor.

HERMANN LANGE,

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 42 Second Street, three doors below Market, Maysville, Ky.

CLEARANCE SALE FOR CASH!

As trustee for A. R. BURGESS, I offer the stock of Dry Goods contained in his store, No. 20 Sutton Street, at greatly reduced prices. Unaltered shirts, best made, (former price \$1.00, 5 cents; best Laundry Shirts, (former price \$1.50, 1.00; line of dress goods, per yard, 5 cents; many choice Dress Fabrics at cost; Woolen Underwear and Blankets at cost. Great bargains in Hosiery, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Ect. Choice line of Cassimere at cost. All persons indebted to the said Burgess will be requested to make prompt payment, as it will be my duty, as trustee, to wind up the business speedily. As A. R. Burgess, as my agent, will make settlements and collections, and give receipts. JAMES SHACKLEFORD, Trustee.

M. DAVIS,

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CLOTHIER!

Have just received an immense stock of CLOTHING, comprising Men's Youth's and Boys' goods; also GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and VALISES,

which he will sell at PANIC PRICES. You will do well to call and see him before purchasing elsewhere.

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For Beautiful designs my stock of Wall Paper is complete. Also BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS, GOLD PENS, PICTURE FRAMES, &c. We will take pleasure in showing our stock to all. PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY in the same building.

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Attention, Farmers! For the next few days we will offer a splendid line of HAY RAKES at greatly reduced prices. McElroy, Milburn, Webster and Mitchell.

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We still have on hand a few Planet Junior TOBACCO CULTIVATORS. Also a full and complete stock of all kinds of

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